

THE NOBEL PRIZE

Handout

2021



Featuring:

- History of Nobel Prize
- Prize Money
- Indian Nobel Laureate
- *2021 Nobel Winners
- *FAQs on Nobel Prize
- Interesting Facts Behind
- Infographics

Nobel Prize

The Nobel Prize is a set of annual international awards bestowed in several categories by Swedish and Norwegian institutions in recognition of academic, cultural, or scientific advances. The will of the Swedish chemist, engineer and industrialist Alfred Nobel established the five Nobel prizes in 1895. The prizes in Chemistry, Literature, Peace, Physics, and Physiology or Medicine were first awarded in 1901. In 1968, Sweden's central bank Sveriges Riksbank established the Sveriges Riksbank Prize in Economic Sciences in Memory of Alfred Nobel.

Note 1: The prize is not awarded posthumously; however, if a person is awarded a prize and dies before receiving it, the prize may still be presented.

Note 2: Prize may not be shared among more than three individuals, although the Nobel Peace Prize can be awarded to organizations of more than three people.

- **Awarded for:** Outstanding contributions for humanity in chemistry, literature, peace, physics, physiology or medicine, and economic sciences
- Country: Sweden (all prizes except the Peace Prize), Norway (Peace Prize only)
- **Presented** by: Nobel Assembly at the Karolinska Institute (Physiology or Medicine), Norwegian Nobel Committee (Peace), Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences (Chemistry, Sciences, Physics), Economic Swedish Academy (Literature)
- **Reward(s)**: Prize money of 10 million Sweden Krona, a medal and a diploma

Years without Nobel Prizes

Since the start, in 1901, there are some years when the Nobel Prizes have not been awarded. The total number of times are 49.

- **Physics:** 1916, 1931, 1934, 1940, 1941, 1942
- **Chemistry:** 1916, 1917, 1919, 1924, 1933, 1940, 1941, 1942
- **Medicine:** 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1921, 1925, 1940, 1941, 1942
- **Literature:** 1914, 1918, 1935, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943
- **Peace:** 1914, 1915, 1916, 1918, 1923, 1924, 1928, 1932, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1<mark>9</mark>42, 1943, 1948, 1955, 1956, 1966, 1967, 1972

The youngest Nobel Laureates

Category	Name	Year	Age
Peace	Malala Yousafzai	2014	17
Physics	William Lawrence Bragg	1915	25
Physiology or Medicine	Frederick Banting	1923	32
Chemistry	Frédéric Joliot	1935	35
Literature	Rudyard Kipling	1907	41
Economic Sciences	Kenneth J. Arrow	1972	51





The oldest Nobel Laureates

Category	Name	Year	Age
Chemistry	John B Goodenough	2019	97
Physics	Arthur Ashkin	2018	96
Economic Sciences	Leonid Hurwicz	2007	90
Literature	Doris Lessing	2007	88
Physiology or Medicine	Peyton Rous	1966	87
Peace	Joseph Rotblat	1995	87

Family Nobel Laureates

The Curies were a very successful 'Nobel Prize family'. Marie Curie herself was awarded two Nobel Prizes.

	Married couples		
	Irène Joliot-		
Marie Curie	Curie	Gerty Cori	
Pierre Curie	Frédéric Joliot	Carl Cori	
May-Britt Mose		Abhijit Banerjee	
Edvard I. Moser	Gunnar Myrdal	Esther Duflo	
	Mother & daught	er	
	Marie Curie		
	Irène Joliot-Curie	e	
	Father & daughter		
Pierre Curie			
	Irène Joliot-Curie	e	
	Father & son		
		Hans von Euler-	
William Bragg	Niels Bohr	Chelpin	
Lawrence Bragg	Aage N. Bohr	Ulf von Euler	
Arthur Kornberg		J. J. Thomson	
Roger D.	Manne Siegbahn	George Paget	
Kornberg	Kai M. Siegbahn Thomson		
	Brothers		
Jan Tinbergen			
Nikolaas Tinbergen			

Laureates Who received prize more than Once

Name	Category	Year
Marie Curie	Physics	1903
Warie Curie	Chemistry	1911
Linus Doulins	Chemistry	1954
Linus Pauling	Peace	1962
John Bardeen	Physics	1956
John Bardeen	Physics	1972
Eradorials Concer	Chemistry	1958
Frederick Sanger	Chemistry	1980

Prize Money

The winners of the 2021 Nobel Prizes will receive a gold medal and 10 million Swedish kronor (\$1.14) million). The prize money comes from an endowment left behind by the prize's creator, Swedish inventor Alfred Nobel, who died in 1895.

Q. Why are the individuals and organisations awarded a Nobel Prize called Nobel Laureates? **A:** The word "Laureate" refers to being signified by the laurel wreath. In Greek mythology, the god Apollo is represented wearing a laurel wreath on his head.

Nobel Laureates who declined ever

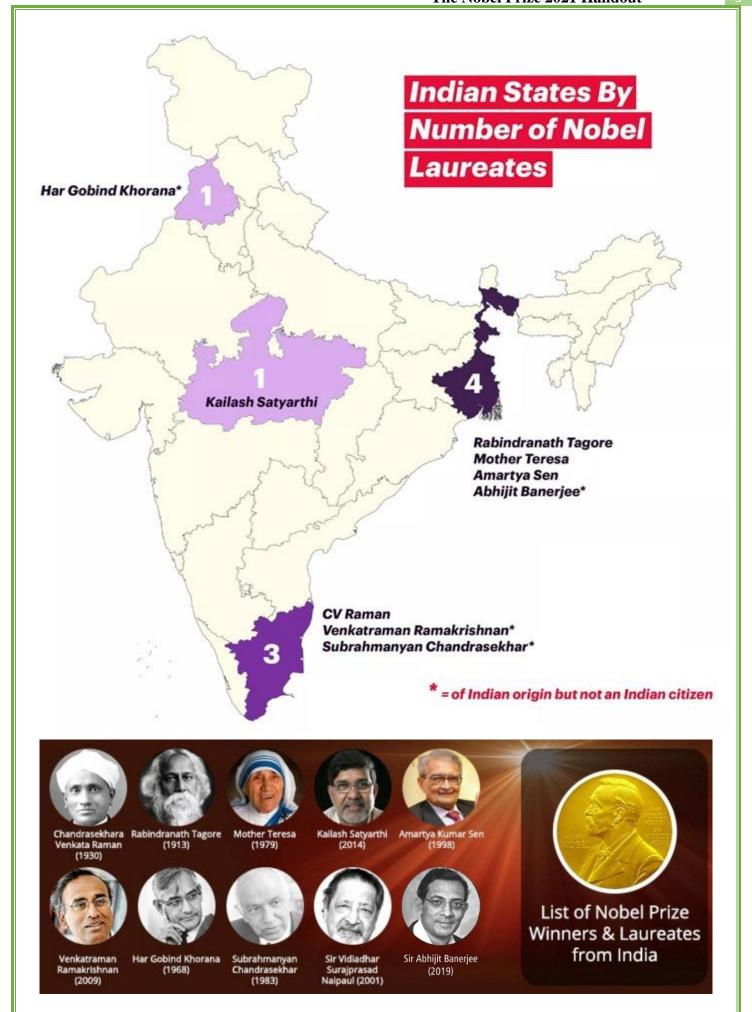
Jean-Paul Sartre, awarded the 1964 Nobel Prize in Literature, declined the prize because he had consistently declined all official honours.

Le Duc Tho, awarded the 1973 Nobel Peace Prize jointly with US Secretary of State Henry Kissinger. They were awarded the Prize for negotiating the Vietnam peace accord. Le Doc Tho said that he was not in a position to accept the Nobel Peace Prize, citing the situation in Vietnam as his reason.

















2021 Nobel Prize Winners

Nobel Peace Prize





Awarded to: Maria Ressa and Dmitry Muratov For: For their courageous fight for freedom of expression in the Philippines and Russia.

Nobel Literature Prize



Awarded to: Abdulrazak Gurnah For: For his uncompromising and compassionate penetration of the effects of colonialism and the fate of the refugee in the gulf between cultures and continents.

Nobel Chemistry Prize





Awarded to: Benjamin List and David W.C. MacMillan

For: For their development of a precise new tool for molecular construction: organocatalysis.

Nobel Physics Prize







Awarded to: Syukuro Manabe, Klaus Hasselmann and Giorgio Parisi For: For the physical modelling of Earth's climate, quantifying variability and reliably predicting global warming & for the discovery of the interplay of disorder and fluctuations in physical systems from atomic to planetary scales.

Nobel Prize in Medicine





Awarded to: David Julius and Ardem Patapoutian

For: For their discoveries of receptors for temperature and touch.

Nobel Prize in Economics



Awarded to: David Card, Joshua Angrist and **Guido Imbens**

For: For empirical contributions to labour economics & for their methodological contributions to the analysis of causal relationships.





FAQs on Nobel Prize

- 1. Which of the following statement regarding Nobel Prize holds untrue.
 - (A) Nobel prize is awarded posthumously.
 - (B) If a person is awarded a prize and dies before receiving it, the prize may still be presented.
 - (C) Nobel Prize may not be shared among more than three individuals
 - (A) Only A
- (**B**) Only B
- (C) Only C
- (D) Both A and B
- **(E)** None of the above

Ans.(A)

2. Match the following pairs regarding Nobel laureates who were born in India or were residents in India when they became recipients of the Nobel Prize but were not Indians citizens.

List I	List II
(A) Ronald Ross	(1) Medicine/1902
(B) Rudyard	(2) Literature/1907
Kipling	
(C) 14th Dalai	(3) Peace/1989
Lama	

- В \mathbf{C} A 2 3 **(A)** 1
- 2 3 **(B)** 1
- **(C)** 3 1 2
- 3 2 **(D)** 1
- 3 2 1 **(E)**

Ans.(A)

3. Match the following pairs regarding Nobel laureates, who were born as Indian citizens but were citizens of another country when they were awarded the prize.

List I	List II
(A) Har Gobind	(1) Medicine/1968
Khorana	
(B) Subrahmanyan	(2) Physics/1983
Chandrasekhar	-
(C) Venki	(3) Chemistry/2009
Ramakrishnan	
(D) Abhijit Baneriee	(4) Economics/2019

	\mathbf{A}	В	C	D
(A)	1	2	3	4
(B)	2	3	4	1
(C)	3	4	1	2
(D)	4	1	2	3
(E)	1	4	2	3

Ans.(A)

4. Match the following pairs regarding Indian Nobel Laureates.

List I				Lis	t II		
(A) Mother Teresa			(1) P	eace/	1979		
(B)	Ama	artya S	Sen	(2) E	Econor	nics/19	98
(C)	Kai	lash		(3) P	eace/2	2014	
Sat	yarth	i					
(D) Rajendra K.			(4) P	eace/2	2007		
Pachauri							
	A	В	C	D			
(A)	1	2	3	4			
(B)	2	3	4	1			
(C)	3	4	1	2			
(D)	4	1	2	3			
(E)	1	4	2	3			
Ans.	(A)						

5. Match the Following pairs.

	List I	Lis <mark>t</mark> II
	(A) Nobel	(1) Physiology or
	Assembly at the	Medicine
	Karolinska Institute	
	(B) Norwegian	(2) Peace
	Nobel Committee	
	(C) Royal Swedish	(3) Chemistry,
	Academy of	Economic
	Sciences	Sciences, Physics
1	(D) Swedish	(4) Literature
	Academy	

	A	В	С	D
(A)	1	2	3	4
(B)	2	3	4	1
(C)	3	4	1	2
(D)	4	1	2	3
(E)	1	4	2	3
Ans.(A)				

6. Match the Following pairs regarding Youngest Nobel Laureates.

List I	List II
(A) Peace	(1) Malala Yousafzai
(B) Physics	(2) William Lawrence
	Bragg
(C) Physiology	(3) Frederick Banting
or Medicine	

В C A 2 3

- (A) 1 1
- **(B)**

- **(C)** 3
- **(D)** 2 1 3 **(E)** 3 2 1
- Ans.(A)
- 7. Match the Following pairs regarding Youngest Nobel Laureates.

List I	List II
(A) Chemistry	(1) Frédéric Joliot
(B) Literature	(2) Rudyard Kipling
(C) Economic	(3) Kenneth J. Arrow
Sciences	
A T	~

- В \mathbf{C} A 2 (A) 1 3
- 3 2 1 **(B)**
- 2 **(C)** 3 1
- 2 3 1 **(D)**
- 3 2 1 **(E)**
- Ans.(A)
- 8. Match the Following pairs regarding Oldest Nobel Laureates.

List I	List II
(A) Chemistry	(1) John B Goodenough
(B) Physics	(2) Arthur Ashkin
(C) Economic	(3) Leonid Hurwicz
Sciences	
A B	C

- 2 3 (A)
- **(B)** 2 3 1
- 3 2 **(C)** 1
- 2 1 3 **(D) (E)** 3 2 1
- Ans.(A)
- 9. Match the Following pairs regarding Oldest Nobel Laureates.

110001 Edulettes.		
List I	List II	
(A) Literature	(1) Doris Lessing	
(B) Physiology or	(2) Peyton Rous	
Medicine		
(C) Peace	(3) Joseph Rotblat	

- \mathbf{C} A В (A) 1 2 3 2 3 **(B)** 1 3 1 2 **(C)**
- 3 **(D)** 2 1
- 3 1 **(E)**
- Ans.(A)
- 10. The Nobel Prize is a set of annual international awards bestowed in several categories by which country?

- (A) Sweden
- (B) Norway
- (C) Denmark
- **(D)** A & B
- **(E)** B & C
- Ans.(D)
- 11. In how many fields the Swedish chemist, engineer and industrialist Alfred Nobel established Nobel Prizes in 1895?
 - (A) 5
- **(B)** 4
- **(C)** 3 **(E)** 1
- **(D)** 2
- Ans.(A)
- **12.** In which year for the first time, the Nobel Prize in Economic Sciences were given in Memory of Alfred Nobel?
 - **(A)** 1970
 - **(B)** 1969
- **(C)** 1968

(E) 1965

- **(D)** 1967 Ans.(C)
- 13. How much prize money is associated with each category of Nobel Prize?
 - (A) 5 million Sweden Krona
 - (B) 9 million Sweden Krona
 - (C) 10 million Sweden Krona
 - (**D**) 12 million Sweden Krona
 - (E) 15 million Sweden Krona Ans.(C)
- 14. Since its inception in 1901, there are some years in which the Nobel Prizes have not been awarded. Till now how many times it was done so?
 - (**A**) 46 times
- **(B)** 47 times
- **(C)** 48 times
- **(D)** 49 times
- **(E)** 50 times
- Ans.(D)
- 15. Name the youngest Nobel laureate who has received Nobel Prize?
 - (A) Malala Yousafzai
 - **(B)** William Lawrence Bragg
 - (C) Frederick Banting
 - **(D)** Rudyard Kipling
 - (E) Kenneth J. Arrow
 - Ans.(A)
- Name the oldest Nobel laureate who has **16.** received Nobel Prize?
 - (A) Peyton Rous
 - (B) Doris Lessing
 - (C) Leonid Hurwicz
 - (**D**) Arthur Ashkin
 - (E) John B Goodenough
 - Ans.(E)





- 17. Name the Category in which Madam Curie won the Nobel Prize Twice?
 - (A) Medicine
 - **(B)** Physics & Chemistry
 - (C) Economics & Literature
 - (**D**) Physics & Peace
 - (E) Economics

Ans.(B)

- 18. Name the Category in which Linus Pauling won the Nobel Prize Twice?
 - (A) Peace & Economics
 - **(B)** Physics & Chemistry
 - (C) Medicine
 - (**D**) Chemistry & Peace
 - (E) Economics

Ans.(D)

- 19. Name the Category in which John Bardeen won the Nobel Prize Twice?
 - (A) Physics
- **(B)** Chemistry
- (C) Economics
- (D) Medicine
- (E) Literature

Ans.(A)

- 20. Name the Category in which Frederick Sanger won the Nobel Prize Twice?
 - (A) Physics
- **(B)** Chemistry
- (C) Economics
- (**D**) Medicine
- (E) Literature

Ans.(B)

- 21. Name the Nobel Laureats who declined the prize citing personal reasons?

 - (A) Jean-Paul Sartre (B) Corazon Aquino
 - (C) Le Duc Tho
- **(D)** A & B
- (E) A & C

Ans.(E)

- 22. Which of the following Nobel Prize is not presented by Sweden?
 - (A) Chemistry
- (**B**)Literature
- (C) Physics
- (D) Medicine
- (E) Peace

Ans.(E)

- 23. Which of the following Nobel Prize is presented by Norway?
 - (A) Chemistry
- **(B)** Peace
- (C) Physics
- (D) Medicine
- **(E)** Literature

Ans.(B)

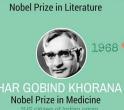
- 24. Which of the following Nobel Laureate did not received The Nobel Prize twice?
 - (A) Marie Curie
 - (**B**) Linus Pauling
 - (C) John Bardeen
 - (**D**) Frederick Sanger
 - (E) J. J. Thomson

Ans.(E)

- 25. The Nobel Peace Prize is one of the five Nobel Prizes established by the will of Swedish industrialist, inventor, and armaments manufacturer Alfred Nobel. Which of the following organisation bagged the most no. of Peace Awards? (A) International Committee of the Red Cross
 - **(B)** World Food Programme (WFP)
 - (C) World Bank
 - (**D**) Food and Agriculture Organisation
 - (E) International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD)

Ans.(A)











Nobel Prize in Physics



Nobel Peace Prize

Nobel Prize in Economics



Nobel Peace Prize











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Interesting Facts About Nobel Prize (1901 – 2021)

- ❖ A total of 597 Nobel Prizes have been given to 950 Nobel Laureates from 1901 to 2019.
- ❖ Malala Yousafzai is the youngest Nobel laureate to receive the Peace Prize in 2014 at the age of just
- ❖ The average age of all Nobel laureates in all award categories between 1901 and 2017 is 60 years.
- ❖ Alfred Nobel left most of his assets, over SEK 31 million (about SEK 1,702 million today) to be converted into a fund and invested in "safe securities".
- ❖ John B. Goodenough is the oldest recipient of this award in Chemistry 2019 at the age of 97.
- ❖ John Bardeen is the only Nobel laureate to have been awarded the Nobel Prize in Physics twice, in 1956 and 1972.
- ❖ Marie Curie is the only woman to have been awarded the Nobel Prize in Physics twice, in 1903 and the Nobel Prize in Chemistry in 1911.
- ❖ Between 1901 and 2019, the Nobel Prize in Physics has been awarded 113 times to 213 Nobel laureates.
- ❖ The Nobel Prize in Chemistry has been awarded 111 times to 184 Nobel laureates between 1901 and 2019.
- ❖ Altogether only 54 women have been awarded the Nobel Prize between 1901 and 2019.
- ❖ The Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine has been awarded 110 times to 219 Nobel laureates between 1901 and 2019.
- Frederick Sanger is the only Nobel laureate to have been awarded the Nobel Prize in Chemistry twice, in 1958 and 1980. This means that a total of 180 persons have received the Nobel Prize in Chemistry.
- ❖ Between 1901 and 2017 the Nobel Prize in Literature has been awarded 112 times to 116 Nobel Laureates.
- ❖ The Nobel Prize in Economic Sciences has been awarded 51 times between 1969 and 2019 to 84
- The Peace Prize is the only award that is not presented in Stockholm. The award is presented annually in Oslo in the presence of the King of Norway on 10 December, the death anniversary of Alfred Nobel.
- ❖ The first Nobel Peace Prize was awarded in 1901 to Henri Dunant (Switzerland) and Frédéric Passy (France).
- ❖ It is known that till now 9 Indians/People of Indian Origin have received Nobel Prize and the first Indian to receive Nobel Prize was Rabindra Nath Tagore.
- ❖ Between 1901 and 2019, the Nobel Peace Prize has been awarded 100 times to 134 Nobel Laureates including 27 organisations and 107 individuals.

Nobel FACTS Prize Categories for Nobel Prize













Physics

Chemistry

Physiology/ Medicine

Literature

Economics







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Infographics

NOBEL PRIZE

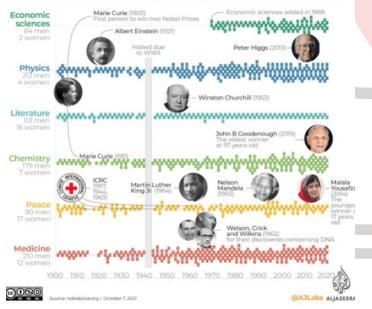
Six award categories

The Nobel Prize recognises the highest achievement in various subjects. Winners receive a gold medal together with roughly \$1.14m.



Prize winners 1901-2020

Between 1901 and 2020, 603 Nobel Prizes were awarded to 962 laureates.



NOBEL PRIZE

Winners by continent

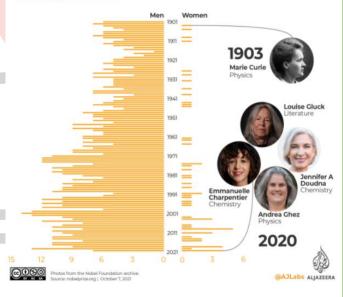
The Nobel Prize is one of the world's most coveted awards but has historically favoured Western nations. Just over half of all laureates are from Europe.



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Huge gender gap

Over 90 percent of Nobel Prize winners were men. In 2020, four out of the



Infographics Credits: Aljazeera









Nøbel Prize Winners 2021



DAVID JULIUS



AŖDEM Patapoutian







SYUKURO MANABE



Klaus Hasselmann

CHEMISTRY



GIORGIO PARISI



BENJAMIN LIST



DAVID W.C. MACMILLAN



LITERATURE

ABDULRAZAK GURNAH





MARIA RESSA



DMITRY MURATOV



DAVID CARD



JOSHUA ANGRIST



GUIDO Imbens



